IN THE CITY OF THE TENTS

Camp George Washington Astir with Active Pythians.

GEN. CARNAHAN TAKES CHARGE

The Event to Take Place this Afternoon with Due Ceremony-Constant Influx of Arrivals-Busy Scenes Around the Various Railroad Depots-Great Crowds Expected.

Camp George Washington is now the scene of activity for Pythians. There is considerable business yet to be transacted at the F street headquarters, but the public comfort committee will move to the depotsat 6 o'clock this evening and leave the committee on information in possession of the building.

Yesterday was another busy day in camp, and by 6 o'clock in the evening all the smaller tents were erected and ready for occupancy. To-day 200 brigade and regimental bendquarters' tents will be put up immediately surrounding Gen. Carnahan's quarters. Mr. Noticy Anderson stated last night that the fifteen are lights will be burning to-night, so that the Enights who desire to locate in camp may do so with the least amount of ifficulty and inconvenience possible. At 4 o clock this afteraoon the camp will be

At a clock this alternoon the camp win be formally phosed in charge of Gon, Carnahan, Mr. F. W. Heilig, chairman of the music committee, has made arrangements for the presence of a band to enliven the occasion. As soon as he is not in charge of the camp Gen. Carnahan will establish headquarters in his tent and issue necessary orders for the government of his men.

mils of persons visited the city of erday and Capt, Orendorf and his sixteen assistant watchinen were kept on a go continuously keeping the small boys, and big ones too, from the white houses in order to prevent a repetition of the cutting of tents which occurred Thursday night.

THYING RECRETARY M'NARO'S PATTERCE. Secretary James McNabb, jr., is a patient man, but the reserve stock of that much desired virtue which he has on hand was almost exhausted yesterday. Scores of visiting Enights desired information on subjects of which he knew nothing, and numbers of others interfered with his work by seeking information when he was busily engaged on more important matters.

more important matters.

Baggage, cots and tents were piled promiscaously into the camp and camp grounds committee's tent, and remained there until the visiting Enights were able to find temporary quarters. Mr. Lawrence Gardner and several other members of this committee were at work on the grounds menty all day, and Gra. Carnahan arrived in the afternoon to look over the camp and meet some of the out. ook over the camp and meet some of the out-

Among those who arrived yesterday was Col. Faul Frager, assisfant commissary general of the West Virginia brigade. Col. Prager comes from Parkersburg Division, No. 3, and says that his command intends taking from Washington the first prize for profesency in drill, Quartermaster W. B. Budger, of the First Regiment of Pennsylvania, comes from Allegheny City, Pa., and expects a large crowd from his city. Quartermaster Charles E. Hyland came from Terre Haute, Ind. He is chief of police of that city and a member of Terre Haute Division, No. 3. those who arrived vesterday was

Among the other Knights who arrived yesterday and last night are Capt. G. H. Livingston, of Cleveland, Ohio, quartermaster of the Second Ohio Regiment; Col. Fred. Ross ner, of Little Rock, Ark., commissary of the First Arkansas Regiment; Major Jefferson Young, of Syracuse, N. Y., commanding the First Squadron of the New York Cavalry: Capt, W. H. Siean, assistant quartermaster of the Tennassee Brigade; Col. E. W. Haven, of the Tennessee Brigade; Con. E. Williamsee, N. K., assistant quartermaster general of the New York Brigade, and Col. H. L. Dulan, quartermaster of the Tennessee Brigade. Capt. Sioan. of Nashville, said last that that 500 Enights from Tennessee will the

The l'ennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio depots are tecning with life, the cabmen are wearing broad and seductive smiles, and the life of the cable-car men is becoming hard to

The Pennsylvania train from the West, arriving at 7 o clock inst night, brought several burdred of the advance guard of the Pythian encampment, and the railway officials expect a very heavy passeager traffic to-morrow. No special trains have yet been added to those on the regular schedules, but everything is in readiness, and all the roads running into the city are prepared to handle unlimited thou-

Over the Baltimore and Ohio an increased

traffic has been noticeable to-day, and tomorrow several special trains will be run through from Pittsburg. "Yes," said a Baltimore and Ohio official

we expect a very heavy traffic from now on for several weeks and are more fully pre-pared to handle it than at any time in the ast. The very poor business of the summer as enabled us to make extensive repairs, and there is not a coach nor an engine on the road that is not in perfect condition. I think the Western lines will carry the larger number of the visitors, probably from the fact that the Pythiaus are much stronger in the West than in the East. There have been calls for extra trains for the local trade also, and from Indications Virginians and residents of Mary see 100,000 bere next week.

On the Chesapeake and Ohio, the Richmond and Danville, and the Atlantic Coast Line specials are scheduled from Sunday and several special cars will come in on the regular trains to-morrow.

The officials of the Southern lines report an

increased traffic and say that there is great interest displayed all along their lines.

SCHUME LODGE RECEPTION. Secretary McClintock, of the public comfort committee, was busy at the P street headquarters yesterday making preparations for the establishment of offices in the Baltimore. and Ohio and Baltimore and Potomae depots and Olifo and Baltimore and Potomae depots this afternoon. Not an application was received for quarters yesterday, and before noon all the tickets for the supreme lodge reception had been disposed of. Quite a number of inte comers were disappointed in not being able to secure reserved seat tickets for Convention Hall. But 9,000 persons cannot be accommodated in 3,144 chairs, and those who failed to get seats will be compelled to may at home.

The committee on entertainment held a meeting at headquarters yesterday afternoon. It was decided to give a complimentary excursion at 6.30 Tuesday evening to Indian Head and resure. The steamer Samuel J. Pentz has been chartered for the occasion. This secursion is more for the indies' benefit, and Chairman Grownies. Chairman Greenless, Committeemen John C. Parker and Chrence C. Rhean will see that the members of the fair sex are properly cared

The following instructions and regulations relative to the duty of the District of Colum-

pia regiment in camp have been issued: 1. The roll will be called on the public street by the Sir Enight guards, superintended by a commissioned officer of the fivision, who will, immediately after the

divisions have been dismissed, report the re-oults to the battalion adjutants, who will be stationed in front of their respective quarters.

2. The morning reports of divisions will be signed by the division commander and Sir Enight guards, and handed to the adjutant of their respective battalions, not later than 10 o'clock each morning.

3. At first vergeants' call the Sir Knight guards will remain to the regimental adjutant's

guards will repair to the regimental adjutant's office to receive the detail for the next day's

guard,
4. At sick call the sick will report to the assistant surgeon for treatment. (Dr. Fred. W.

Beh.)
5. The marking or defecing of tants is strictly prohibited, nor will trenches be per-mitted to be dug around the tents.
6. On Sunday, August 26, the guard will be mounted (informal) at 7 o'clock p. m.

7. Division commanders are strictly enjoined to have every man of their command present at dress parade each evening at 6:30 p. m., and for the parade on the 28th (3 o'clock p. m.), and for the grand review on the 29th (3 o'clock p. m.). At other times such men as are not on duty will be permitted to leave camp upon the proper authority having been given them by their division commanders.

S. The division commander will be sustained by these headquarters in any legal action looking to the suforcement of discipilize in the regiment while in camp. ed to have every man of their cor

pline in the regiment while in camp. The city of Washington has a great pride in

The city of Washington has a great pride in its regiment of the Uniform Rank, therefore iet nothing in your conduct be such as to cause that pride to receive a setback.

The following routine of duty will be observed by this regiment during the encampment: First call for reveile, 6:00 a.m.; receile, 6:15 a.m.; assembly (roll call), 6:30 a.m.; mess call (breakfast), 7:30 a.m.; sick call, 8:30 a.m.; first call for guard mounting, 8:45 a.m.; assembly of guard details, 9:00 a.m.; guard mounting, 8:45 a.m.; guard mounting, 8:45 a.m.; first sergeants' call, 11:30 a.m.;

m.; guard mointing, 9:10 a. m.; first sergeants' call, 11:30 a. m.

Mess call (dinner), 12:30 n. m.; first call for dress parade, 6:10 p. m.; adjutants' call (battalion formation), 6:30 p. m.; adjutants call (regimental formation) 6:40 mess call supper), 7:30 p. m.; first call for tattoo, 10:15 p. m.; tattoo, 10:30 p. m.; assembly (roll call), 10:35; taps (lights out), 11 p. m.

ENCAMPNENT NOTES. A joint agency of the Trunk Line Association has been established at No. 1339 Pennsylvania avenue. The office is open from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m., and tickets may be deposited with the joint agent for extension. No tinkets will be received on deposit after September 6, and tickets withdrawn from deposit previous to September 7 will not be entitled to any extension of time for return passage,

Supreme Keeper of Record and Seal R. L. C. White, of Nashville, Tenn., reached the city yesterday and is quartered at the Ebbitt

Instructions have been sent to Capt. Dewell, commandant of the Washington Navy Yard, commandant of the Washington Navy Yard, that all employes of that yard who are members of the Uniformed Hank, Knights of Fythias, may be granted leave of absence, without pay, for two days during the progress of the encampment next week.

The following merchants on the Avenue have responded since the last report published in Tag Tixes to the circular addressed to the control of the selection of

to them by Chairman C. W. Derr. of the sub-committee on citizens' illuminations, signify-ing their intention to illuminate their respecting their intention to illuminate their respective places of business on the evening of August 29: John Hayes, 101: Shafer's, 103; Gustave Linke, 215; A. Stern, 261; L. P. Hick, 319; J. G. Bridgham, Joe Griesemeyer, 150; J. Spiiedt, 507; H. W. Higham, 476; G. W. Driver, 605; J. W. Brooke, 620; R. N. Harper, 609; S. Jerome Uhi, Vernon Row, John F. Edils, 557; J. E. Bushop, 505; P. B. Anderson & Co., 1010 and 1012; Gult & Bro., 1107; J. H. Euchling, Thomas E. Ogram, Williard's Hotel, O. G. Staples.

Since the last report the following additional subscriptions to the Knights of Pythias fund have been received by the clitzens finance committee: Central National Bank, 850; C. Agit, E. S. Randall, 850; N. Auth, \$25; J. L. Loose, \$5; Lendner & Co., \$5; J. Ehrmantrout, \$3; Mrs. C. H. Taylor, \$2; William Garrity, \$1; William Pyles, \$1.

OFFICIAL PROGRAMME. The official souvenir and programme of the encampment has been printed and will be placed on sale to-day. It is a handsome

There are also pictures of the local committee, officers of the supreme lodge, the uniform rank, founder of the order, and a complete program of events of the week.

The There has established headquarters on the complete of the complete o

the camp grounds opposite Gen. Carnahan's tent. Open house will be kept, and visiting knights and their friends will be welcome at

structions to the police force how to handle the great crowds which are expected in this city during the encampment and especially during the parade. Each precinct will have charge of the procession so long as it shall be within its boundaries. For example, officers from the First precinct will accompany the line from the time it enters the First precinct until it gets to the borders of the Sixth, when the men of the higher will relieve these of the source. the men of the latter will relieve those of the First and so on until the parade is dismissed.

A THEATRICAL MURDERER.

He Shoots His Victim, Folds His Arms, and Awaits Arrest.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 24.-Alexander Carr emptied a five-chambered pistol into H. O. King, on South Broad street here this afternoon, then tossed the pistol away, folded his of United American Mechanics, a kindred orarms, and awaited for a policeman. King is ganization, to form a company of militia and a well-known man here and was connected with prominent families. Carr had
been in his employ at the pyrites mine which
King operated near Villa Rica, this State. Carr says that King owed him money and the shooting grew out of this indebtedness. The two men stood talking for a few minutes

a the street, and persons who were passing officed that they were quarreling. Carr suddenly drew a pistol and shot King in the head. King staggered a few paces and fell into the street. Carr followed him, stood over him and fired four more bullets into his head. sed the pistol at King and walked

dozen yards.
A great crowd collected before the smoke cleared away and many who knew the dying man proposed to lynch Carr, who stood pale and nervous, with folded arms. A policeman came up and drove the crowd back. King was sent to the Grady Hospital, where he died at 6 o'clock. He never spoke after being shot

Carr made a statement to-night in which he said he had quarreled with King early in the day about the money due him. Carr-claimed that they met accidentally this afternoon, and after some words King drew a pis-tol and was about to shoot him. Parties who were passing at the time stated that King did

Rise of a New Moon.

NEWHERRY, S. C., Aug. 24.-Mr. Frank Moon, a sturdy farmer of this county and a man who has never sought nor held office. made public this afternoon that he had made up his mind to enter the race for Governor, He had not decided until he saw that Dr. Pope had withdrawn. He is going to make his fight at the general election in November, He is a graduate of South Carolina Coilege before the war.

Lizzie Halliday Bit Him. MONTICELLO, N. Y., Aug. 24.-On June 27 last, as Sheriff Beecher was conducting Lizzie Halliday, the triple murderess, into court she turned upon him flercely and bit him in the hand. Three or four weeks ago the hand began to trouble him, and new it has swollen to the elbow, giving him intense pain. Un-

IMPRISONED IN NICARAGUA

Eight American Citizens and the British Consul Arrested.

EXCITEMENT AT BLUEFIELDS

Americans Will Demand the Release of the Prisoners by Force of Arms, if Necessary-Cruiser Columbia May Be Brought Into Action-Business Stopped.

Color, Aug. 24 .- A schooner has arrived here with seventy refugees from Bluefields, Mosquito Territory. They say that the Nicaraguans have imprisoned eight American citizens and several British subjects, including the British vice consul. The country is lescribed as being depopulated, and business is said to have been stopped,

The refugees also report that more Nicaraguan troops are arriving at Bluefields, and that 2,000 men are due there. This display of force is announced to be caused by the determination of the Nicaraguans to resist foreign interference in their affairs.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Advices received here from Bluefleids evidently later than those received at Colon say that the Nicaraguan troops are returning from Bluefleds and that they reached Greytown yesterday, bringing with them a Mr. Hatch, the British consular agent, and eight foreigners as prisoners. It has also been announced that a British war

It has also been announced that a British war vessel arrived at Greytown yesterday evening. Now Orleans advices received here last night describe the arrest of Mr. Hatch and the arrest of Capt. G. E. Wiltbanks, an American, who accepted the position of judge under the Mosquito government, and of several Mosquito creoles. Mr. Hatch succeeded in dispatching a note to the English cruiser off Bluefields, and Mr. Seat, the United States consul, communicated with the United States cruiser Columbia. Mr. Hatch is charged with having incited the Jamaicans to riot and bloodshed.

When these advices left Binefields that clace was in a state of great excitement and t was said that the Americans would demand it was said that the Americans would demand by force of arms. If necessary, the release of the Innocent men, and the United States cruiser Columbia and British cruiser Mohawk were expected to take action in the matter. London, Aug. 24.—The British Foreign Office has received confirmation of the arrest at Bluefields of Mr. Hatch, the consular agent of Great Britain. The British government is in communication with the government of Nicaragus in regard to the recent occurrences at Bluefields.

tated that no information had been received

there for three weeks in regard to the trouble in the Mosquito Tarritory. Mr. James R. Roosevelt, the secretary of the United States embassy, thought that the action of the Nica-raguan government in arresting Mr. Hatch was extraordinary.

Gen, Barrios, the Nicaraguan envoy, who is on his way here, in addition to endeavor-ing to settle the differences between Nicara-gua and Great Britain, and arranging for a modification of the Managua treaty, will seek to persuade the British government to be

represented by a minister instead of by a

WORKED WITH NAKED LAMPS. Terrible Explosion Caused by the Usual

Carclessness of Miners. ASHLAND, Pa., Aug. 24.—Two men were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas in the Gilberton colliery, near this city,

this afternoon. placed on sale to-day. It is a mandsome the expression, which became dislodged by a fall of free formalian, a description of the points of interest in and about Washington, with photographs of the public buildings and The explosion, which occurred shortly There are also pictures of the local com- along the gangways to a distance of more

> was heard by the people in the homes above followed. Flames and smoke burst from the mouth of the pit, and inside and out there were seenes of frantic terror. The impris-oned and burning miners forgot their pain in an agony of terror, and their wives and chil-dren rushed to the scene, shricking with fear and despair. Rescuing parties were quickly organized and the men were brought to the surface as rapidly as possible. A temporary hospital was erected and medical attendance ured, the injured being removed either to selr homes or to permanent hospitals as soon as their sufferings were somewhat allevi-

RIVAL MILITIA COMPANIES.

A. P. A. and I. O. U. A. M. Banding Together in Kansas.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 24.—Steps have been taken within the past two weeks by members of the A. P. A. and the Junior Order

pany and to enlist for three years. About sixty young men have signed the paper. A similar movement has recently been started by certain members of Catholic organizations, and it is claimed by the A. P. A. that a Catholic company is also Catholic company is already an assured fact,

Abe Buzzard on Trial Again

the leader of the Welch Mountain outlaws, who has spent twenty of his forty-one years of life in jall, was to-day acquitted of a charge of life in jall, was to-uny acquired of recei of robbery, but was convicted of recei stolen goods. He was immediately placed on trial for felonious entry, after which he will be tried on nineteen other charges of a like character. Great interest is while the win be tried on hineteen other charges of a like character. Great interest is manifested in the trial and prominent philan-thropists who had faith in Abe's conversion are lending him their assistance. Among these are Mrs. Cadwaller Biddle, of Philadelphia, who was present at the trial

Telegraphic Brevities. George L. M. McCahan, of Baltimore, was yesterday elected general grand high priest of the Royal Arch Masons.

The Swiss Federal Council has approved the scheme submitted for a Jura-Simplon railway tunnel through the Simplon. The cost of the work to be 54,500,000 transs.

Willie D. Day, champion runner of the world, committed suicide yesterday by hang-ing himself from a tree near the clubhouse of the New Jersey Athletic Club, at Bergen Point.

mation of the International Typograpical Union and International Printing Pressmen's Union have settled the differences of the two The American bankers in Saratoga yester

The American bankers in Saratoga yester-day elected the following officers: President, James C. Carter, of New York; secretary, John Hinkiey, of Eslitmore; treasurer, Francis Rawle, of Philadelphia; executive committee, the above, and also John Ran-dolph Tucker, of Virginia; Goorge A. Mer-cer, of Georgia; Alfred Hemenway, of Massa-chusetts, and B. G. Schley, of Wisconsin.

WILL SHOOT FOR FAME. ARE DONE WITH TAYLOR

Crack Shots of the District National Guard Who Will Contest for the International Shield.

The members of the first detachment of the District National Guard, who are to attend the championship rifle contests at Sea Girt, are to assemble at the First Regiment armory to-night at 11 o'clock sharp. The members will come in fatigue uniform, campaign hats and accoutrements, each man carrying his

team gun.

The second detachment will leave on either Saturday or Sunday of next week, arriving just in time for the meeting.

The brigade team will be composed of twelve men, to be selected after a week's practice from the following seventeen: Corp. Morris Appleby, Private B. P. Carleton, Capt, W. L. Cash, Cupt. J. E. Bell, Lieut, C. H. Lafrd, Commissary Sergt, James M. Stewart, Private H. H. Leizear, Lieut, A. O. Hutterly, Private S. I. Scott, Private S. B. Wetherland, Lieut G. B. Young, Private J. M. Pollard, Capt. W. H. Mayer, Col. Ceell Clay, Private George E. Cook, and Corp. John A. Kirk.

Major George H. Harries will be the team captain; Capt. H. H. Parmenter team quartermister, and Lieut, W. P. Vale team adjutant and ordnance officer.

tent and ordinates officer.

The First Regiment team will be Sergt, Eugene Crist, Private W. E. Stott, Private W. E. Stott, Private W. E. Swigart, Color Sergt, W. D. Hodger, Corp. T. E. Gibson, Private W. W. Boyer, and Lieut. T. S. King. The team captain will be Capt. W. L. Cash, First Regiment m-spector. All members of this team are from companies C and A of the Second Battallon. The Second Regiment team are Capt. J. E. Bell, Col. Clay, Corp. Appleby, Corp. J. A. Kirk, Lieut. C. H. Laird, Capt. W. H. Moyer, Lieut. G. C. Shaw, and Sergt. J. S. McClain. The Engineer team will be selected from those representing the brigade, with Private W. Colladay as alternate.

The meet at Sea Girt is the annual contest of the National Rifle Association and takes the

tant and ordnance officer.

of the National Rifle Association and the New Jersey State Rifle Association, and takes the place of the famous Creedmoor contests. The most valuable prize is the international trophy, a large sliver shield, valued at \$4,000, presented by Judge Hilton, of Now York. This trophy has been twice won, by the brigade team of the District National Guard over teams of international reputation.

The Washington boys are in rather bad shap this year, having had little practice on account of the destruction of their range, but during the ensuing week they will get a large amount of practice and expect to enter the amount of practice and expect to enter the contest in good condition

The rates made by the rallroads are exceed. ingly high as compared to former years, being \$9.50 this year as against \$4.20 last year, and in consequence but a small team in the aggregate will be taken.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS. Joint Resolution Adopted Fixing Tuesday, August 28, as the Date.

On Tuesday, August 28, the second session of the Fifty-third Congress will come to an

A joint resolution fixing that as the date was framed by Gen. Catchings, of the Rules Committee, yesterday, after a brief interview with the President had satisfied him that the Executive had no information to convey to congress on the fate of the tariff bill to-day

The resolution was immediately sent to the Senate, where it was pussed, and both houses adjourned over till Monday. Little business was transacted in either branch of Congress. In accordance with a

Demogratic-Republican entents, the Senate mediately went into executive session and immediately went into executive session and bills were passed to carry into effect the Ven-exuelin award and to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to correct certain land and Patent-office errors.

Several bridge bills were also disposed of. Two resolutions were agreed to, one provid-ing for printing in the diplomas the names of those to whom diplomas were awarded at the columbian Exposition, another asking the Interstate Commerce Commission to fur-nish information concerning government con-

JAPANESE SUFFER DEFEAT.

They Land a Force, But Are Driven Back

ulpo, Korea, received at Che Foo to-day re-River on the 18th inst. They same, who, proceeding inland, were attacked by a who, proceeding inland, were attacked by a ousand Chinese cavairy, who succeeded in spersing the Japanese force in two parts. The Chinese artillery, located on an emi-ence, poured a heavy fire into the ranks of Japanese, making great have. The Japanese were compelled to retreat to the seashore where the guns of the fleet prevented further pursuit by the Chinese. The Japanese loss is said to have been over 1,300 men. loss is said to have been over 1,300 men.
Tien-Tsin reports say that a telegram has been received from Ping-Yan stating that the Chinese troops at Chung-Ho were re-enforced by 10,000 men from August 18 to August 20, swelling the army there to 34,000 men. A council of war was held on the 20th and it was decided to attack the Japanese on the 22th

Chinese cavalry are scouring the country

and have captured and beheaded a hundred stragglers.

ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

Officers Elected to Serve During the Next Three Years. TOPERA, Ras., Aug. 24.—The election of

officers of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons to serve for the next three years took place to-day and resulted as follows: General grand high priest, George L. Mc-Cahan, of Baltimore: deputy general grand high priest, R. G. Lemmon, of Toledo, Ohio; general grand king, James W. Taylor, of Luthersville, Ga.; general grand scribe, Daniel Striker, of Hastings, Mich.; general grand treasurer, Christopher G. Fox, of Buf-fullo, N. V. general, grand accordance Albert lo, N. Y.; general grand secretary, Albert G. Pollard, of Lowell, Mass.; general grand captain of the host, Joseph E. Dyer, of Paris, Ill.; general grand principal sojourner, Wil-liam Swaine, of Milwaukee, Wie; general grand arch captain, Nathan Kingsiey, of Austin; grand master of the third veil, Bernard G. Witt, of Henderson, Ky.; general grand master of the second veil, George E. Corson, of Washington, D. C.

Big Fund for a Monument. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Aug. 24.-A fund of

\$100,000 subscribed by the citizens of Sacramento for the purpose of erecting a suitable monument over the graves of Privates Dugan, Clark Byrne, and suitable monument over the graves of Privates Dugan, Clark Byrne, and Lubberding, of the Fifth Artillery, who lost their lives on July 11 last on the railroad trestle near this city through the act of the striking train wreckers had been turned over to Col. William M. Graham, in command of the United States troops here.

Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Co. By Daylight Down the Potomac River By Daylight Down the Potomac River and Chesnpeake Bay to Norfolk. By request the steamer Norfolk will leave the company's wharf, foot of seventh street, on Monday morning August the 7th, at 6:16 sharp for Norfolk, arriving there at 6:30 p. m. same day. This steamer leaves Norfolk immediately after arrival and arrives in Washington next morning at 7 a. m.

day. An after arrival and arrives in Washingson after arrival and arrives in Washingson morning at 7a m.

Fare for the round trip, \$3. This will be one of the most delightful trips of the scaner, as it affords a fine view by daylight of the scenery on the Potomac River and Chesapeake Bay. Passengers have the privilege of stopping over at Norfolk until September 2. 1894, or can return same evening without leaving steamer.

JOHN CALLAHAN,

Gen. Supt.

Civil Service Commission Porward His Case to the President.

PROMPT ACTION IS ADVISED

Still, of the Afro-American Bureau, Giver Damaging Testimony Against the Recorder-Taylor's Removal May Cause Trouble in the Ranks of Negro Democrats.

"Our report in the Taylor case has been handed to the President. We have done our duty and are through. We have no official cern with what further is 'done." were the words of President Procter, of the Civil Service Commission, last night, "I wish you would say, too," he continued,

"that absolutely no statement regarding the ease has come from the commission. I see that the letter which Mr. Taylor wrote me is given in the afternoon papers. He must have given it out himself, for I said nothing about it to any one; not even to my asso ciates. I had merely time to answer it. From the publications I should think the en-

From the publications I should think the enterprising gentlemen of the press must be interviewing Mr. Raylor about twice a day.

"In regard to Mr. Taylor's assertion that the Commission does not investigate similar cases where political associations of white persons are concerned, what can we say? The absurdity of that is shown by the fact that the case preceding Taylor's, which we investigated and brought to the President's attention, was that of a white man, Gen. Shelley, of Alabama."

The Civil Service Commission are hopeful.

of Alabama.

The Civil Service Commission are hopeful that they at last have an offender they can reach. This assertion is not based on what they have said, but upon facts known to those who are familiar with their work. In those who are familiar with their work. In a number of instances they have made investigations and found clear violations of the spirit of the civil service law, but the courts have stepped in, as in the Shelby case, to prevent punishment. One instance was that of a man who presented false papers in the most argravated form in seeking a position in the service. The case was taken to the courts, and when clear conviction was secured it was found that no penalty ever provided would apply. Thus frequently thwarted by the courts the commission now has a case which arts the commission now has a case which depends upen the President's individual action. He is both judge and jury in the case, and he has been often quoted as determined to enforce the law in its spirit as well as the letter.

Fresident Procter, when asked about Chase's charges to the commission, said, "No one has made charges to the commission. I want that distinctly understood. Chase did come to me with charges against Taylor's personal character, and I told him they were not proceed for the taylor and the character. proper for us to entertain: that the President was the proper person before whom to lay them. As a matter of fact the commission has taken up this matter of itself and pushed the investigation. At first the circulars were brought to us by department employes, and they had carefully erased their names. They

ould not give us their names fearing they ould lose their places.

"They said that the circulars had been sent tent and asked us to investigate. We had reat difficulty to get started, for lack of names, but finally one man told us of a col-ored Democrat whose chief would probably protect him and he would talk. We went to this man and he ald talk." A strong point of the commission's report is said to be that Taylor personally received

money as a contribution from government employes whom he sent for to come to his office. In all about twenty-five witnesses In all about twenty-five witnesses

The commission believe they have made out a strong case and are said to urge prompt action in removing Taylor from office. In the report is given the testimony of Robert G. Still, chief of the Afro-American Bureau of Organization of the Democratic National Campaign Committee, which was taken yes-terday by the commission. Still testifled that by the Chinese Artillery.

Brandhar, Aug. 24.—A letter from Chemol of the bureau until the commission comports that nineteen Japanese warships and thirteen transports arrived in the Tatung and approval of the recorder, said Still, had

been obtained before their names were used on the circulars,
Taylor sent a letter to the commission yes terday giving his side of the case. It was in reply to a communication signed by C sioner Procter, calling attention ing him for information or proof. Taylor in his statement oractically repudiates th tions and says he is not responsible for what

MAKING A TOOL OF THEM He intimates that the commission is being nade a tool of when actuated by personal hatred and animus, and principally by one whose "record in the police court shows him to be not a good citizen," and in other parts the letter he attacks W. Calvin Chase editor of the Washington Bee, and also Chase's associate, a messenger in the Interior Department. Taylor said yesterday that should his resignation be called for he will tender it immediately, but some of his colleagues on the board of the Negro Democratic League are disposed to oppse this course and to criticise the commission's mode of proced

ony given by a number of witnesses that lev. P. H. White, the sergeant at arms of the league, carried letters to government employes asking their presence at league head-quarters and threatening removal in case of non-compliance. White has appeared as witness before the commission and entered a denial to the testiment. denial to this testimony. He asserts that all demai to this testimony. He asserts that all of these witnesses had grievances against the organization. The letters, it is claimed, were more requests to call at headquarters, were delivered only to employes who were members of the league, and the only action to be taken upon calling at headquarters was the deposit of membership dues.

Mr. Taylor's case is causing quite a little talk at the Capitol, especially so on account of the recent hard fight against Mr. Taylor's

fact that Mr. Still's Afro-American Der cratic Association is under the wing of Se tor Faulkner's Congressional Campaign Com-If Taylor is removed, however, there will be a storm raised by the negro voters of the Democratic party. Taylor's appointment is about the only important one that has been given to a colored Democrat, and it is openly charged that this administration has grouped them out of the departments in the most cavallar fashion. The same constants of the department in the most cavallar fashion. alier fashion. There are not many negroes voting the Democratic ticket at present, but there will be fewer, it is said at the Capitol, if Taylor is removed from the recordership of

confirmation as recorder of deeds, and the

Colombia's Shrewd Move. A secret has leaked out from diplomatic circles to the effect that our government has become sadly entangled with one of the Central American republics as a result of the operation of the reciprocity treaties and will have a bill to pay, beside which the Berling Sea claims will appear trivial in amount. The geountry in question is the United States of Colombia, one of the Central American republics, which steadily refused all efforts of the State Department to induce it to become a party to one of the reciprocity

JUST A LITTLE GREEN CARD.

to Postal Clerks.

But Assistant Postmaster General Jones Is Investigating Why It Was Sent

First Assistant Postmaster General Frank H. Jones has had his name coupled in a very peculiar manner with that of the firm of Morrill Bros., Fulton, N. Y., to whom the contract for supplying "facing cards" to railway post-office clerks has recently been awarded, For some months past railway postal cierks all over the country have been receiving a green card about the size of a postal. The card on its face bears the inscription:

"Post-Office Department, office of the First "rest-office Department, office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, Frank H. Jones, General Division of Post-Office supplies, Offi-cial business." Then follows a warning that the card shall not be used for any other than official business, under penalty of a violation of the postal laws and a fine of \$300. On the other side of the card on the corner are the following rotices.

on the other side of the card on the corner are the following notices:
"Messra, Morrill Bros., Fulton, N. Y., being the lowest hidders under competition, are the only parties authorized by this department to print facing slips. Prank H. Joses."
Then on the other side of the card is a most flagrant advertisement for the firm in the ferm of a reserver. the form of a request to patronize Messrs. Morrill Bros,' printing and a repetition of the First Assistant Postmaster General's noti-

Here is the communication in full: "Notice to Superintendent of Railway Mail Service for information to Rail-

Service for information to Railway Postal Clerks:

"Orrice of Monnith Bases.

"Government Facing Slip Printers,

"Fillron, N. Y., July 1, 1894.

"Printed Facing Slips:

"Sin: You are hereby informed that we are the only parties authorized by the Post-office Department to supply printed facing slips to railway postal clerks, the price being \$1.34 per 1,000. This price includes, paper, printing, and delivering of elips by mail to your address. All orders must be made out on blanks, which we supply, and be accompanied by payment for the full amount. A strict blanks, which we supply, and be accompanied by payment for the full amount. A strict compliance with the above instructions will be required in all cases, and will save delays and useless correspondence,

"Yery respectfully, Monnitt. Baos.,

"Fulton, N. Y."

The card was shown to Assistant Post-master General Jones. As he read it his faces betrayed surprise. He referred to the law covering the case and very frankly acknowledged that the card looked like an infraction of the law. He summoned several of his as-sistants and asked if they could offer any ex-planation of the matter, but none of them was able to do se

able to do so.
"Messrs, Morrill Brothers are certainly the contractors," said be, "and they are a very reputable firm. This certainly looks very curious, however."

One of the clerks to whom Mr. Jones re-

One of the clerks to whom Mr. Jones re-ferred the matter sent word back after looking up the postal laws that it seemed to be a plainly illegal act.

"I will communicate with the firm at once," said Mr. Jones, "and have the matter thor-oughly investigated,"

Mr. Jones added that the card had never some under his observation, before and come under his observation before, and thanked THE TIMES for calling his attention

CONFESSED JUDGMENT.

Embarrassment of the Pottsville Iron and Steel Company.

Potrsville, Pa., Aug. 24.—Judgments aggregating \$141,000 were to-day confessed by the Pottsville Iron and Steel Company, one of the largest industrial establishments in this region and an important means of support to the working people of this city. The udgments were confessed in favor of Baird Snyder, as trustee for members of the family of C. M. Atkins, deceased, the founder of the

establishment.

These creditors had losned the company bonds and stocks of a par value of \$236,000, besides cash loans by the widow of Mr. Atkins, as guardian of \$2,000 and by Mrs. Isabella Henning, her daughter, of \$3,000. The securities were given as collateral security by the iron company for the parment of notes discounted by various banks, and the judgments were given to protect the loaners as the company is unable to meet the notes. of notes discounted by various banks, and the judgments were given to protect the learners as the company is unable to meet the notes.

The officers of the company refused to-night to give out any statement of the assets and Suprimendant of Police Brennan was the Suprimendant of Police Brennan was the

to give out any statement of the assets and liabilities of the concern. It was stated, how-ever, that the amount of the judgments repre-sents only a very small part of the resources of the company.

The company has nearly 700 men on its pay roll at present, and when running full capacity employs 1,000.

THEY BURIED HIM A WHILE,

Torturing an Old Negro to Make Him Con-

fess About a Murder. LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 24.-Robert Tucker, father of Herbert Tucker, who was assessinated near here some time ago, assisted by Scott Van Meter, a well-known farmer, vesterday captured Andy Martin, a negro sixtyfive years old, and at the point of a pistol tried to make him tell about the murder of young Tucker. The negro knew nothing of the murder and could tell nothing. The men then took him to an orchard near town, dug a grave, pintoned his arms and legs, and buried him for nearly twenty minutes. They told him they would kill him If he told on them. The old negro is in a bad condition. The men were arrested to-day.

THIRTY-SEVEN MINERS KILLED. By an Explosion of Gas the Mine Was Set

on Fire. SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 24.-A terrific gas explosion occurred in breast 62, on sixth level of the Franklin mine, at Franklin, near this city, this afternoon. Sixty-two miners were imprisoned and thirty-seven were killed. The fire was soon extinguished, and the work of taking out the bodies begnn. All were recovered. About half of the miners were negroes, having been crought from the East four years ago to replace the strikers.

They Kicked at His Heart.

Mr. PLEASANT, Pa., Aug. 24.-This morning Peter Firmstone, an English miner was attacked by a crowd of striking Slavs while on his way to work and knocked down with a club and repeatedly kicked, his assailants aiming for his heart. Firm-stone's wife, who heard his cries for help, quickly aroused several of her neighbors and went to the rescue. The Slavs escaped, but before leaving their victim one of them cut the then unconscious Englishman across the head and down through the nose. Another striker severed the left ear, barely missing the jugniar vein. The torrible kicks Firm-stone received over the heart will probably

In the Field of Politics The California Democratic State convention yesterday nominated Congressman Budd for Governor.

cause his death,

Congressman James G. Maguire has been enominated by the Democrats of the Fourth California district to-day. - Yoakum has been nominated for Con-

FORCE WAS THEIR POLICY

Manager Egan Admits Railroads Chose to Thus Settle the Strike.

BLACK LIST OWNED UP TO NOW

Superintendent of Police Brennan Testifies Before the Presidential Commission That He Had No Trouble in Handling the Mob-Property Destroyed After Troops Came.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—General Manager E. St. John, of the Rock Island road, was re-

called by the strike commission to-day. "You have said," said Commissioner Kernan, "that your road has no black list. Now is it a fact that the General Managers' Association has a black list?"

"No such thing as a real black list exists among the railroads to my knowledge," was the answer. "There was, however, I believe, a list of the names prepared for the General Managers' Association. It contained the names of the most active of the strikers, and has been I think submitted to most of the roads by the association. It cannot properly be called a black list, however."

Mr. St. John was then saked to tell what be knew of the story that all railroads had adopted a uniform scale of wages.

adopted a uniform scale of wages.

"The rumor is untrue," he said.
"Has no such scale been prepared?"

"Well, I believe something of the sort was submitted to the General Managers' Association, but was not universally adopted. In fact, it was rejected by all but one road, and on that line was put into only partial effect. There is absolutely no truth in the statement that the roads represented in the General Managers' Association have adopted a uniform scale."

WANTED TO SETTLE THE STRIKE BY PORCE. John M. Egan, strike manager of the General Managers' Association, succeeded Mr. St. John on the stand, Mr. Egan was questioned regarding his duties during the strike, and said it was his duty to receive reports from the various roads of the progres of the trouble and to submit the same to the association. After preliminary questions Commis-sioner Wright asked Mr. Egan if, in his offi-cial capacity, he had made any effort to settle

e strike peaceably.
"I did not," answered the strike manager,
"Is the policy of the railroads to settle such

troubles by force?"
"In this case, at least, it was," the witness replied frankly.
The commissioner then asked the witness for his views regarding measures for the prevention of the strike. Mr. Egan said that he thought all railroad employes above common inborers should be licensed and compelled to wear uniforms plainly indicating the positions they held. Such means, he believed, would tend to put reliable, level-headed men in service and would prevent such troubles as those of the present summer. troubles by force?

in service and would prevent such frouties as those of the present summer.

Commissioner Kernan by a shrewd series of questions succeeded in builty mixing up the witness and his theories, and Mr. Egan finally admitted that even with a system of licenses, conditions might arise that would necessitate outside assistance or arbitration.

"THE MOST POOLISH ROT." "Mr. Hear rectish nor."

"Mr. Egan," said Commissioner Wright,
"a winess has stated before us that you used militoud money and employed men to burn and otherwise destroy railroad property during the strike. Is this true?"

The winess grew evidently angry and straightening up in his seat, said emphatically: "Considering the source from which that testimony came, it weems to me that it should be the strike testimony came, it seems to me that it should

be apparent that it is the most foolish rot. I will, however, enter a general denial to any and all such stories. I never employed men for such work and can state authoritatively that no one else connected with the General Managers' Association helped or commanded any one to burn or destroy railway proper-ties. The story is absurd."

next witness. He was asked to tell how the disorder growing out of the strike was han-NO VIOLENCE TILL TROOPS CAME. "On June 25 the mayor directed me to use the entire force to protect property and prevent violence. Until the arrival of troops on July 3 the force had hundled it without any

great violence and practically no destruction of property."
"Complaints were made that policemen did

"Complaints were made that policemen did not do their full duty in repressing lawless-ness. How about that?"
"The mayor directed me to discharge im-mediately any policeman who was found lukewarm or inefficient. Indeed, we did suspend several officers on complaints, but when we came to investigate we could find no re-sponsible author. We did find that one officer sponsible author. We did find that one officer had been over zealous in compelling railroad companies to keep tracks clear."

The chief said many of the complaints made against the police were made by deputy marshals who were more in the way than of service.

D. Boty said he was in the amploy of the

D. Doty said he was in the employ of the Pullman company as a civil engineer, and also as statistician and historian. He had been with the company since 1880, and was familiar with the construction of the town of Pullman. He testified that the Pullman cents were not high, and that the houses there which could be se at the same rentals in adjoining territory were inferior to those in Pullman. Other witnesses, all of whom gave unimportant evi-dence, testified before the adjournment.

PULLMAN'S PERSONAL FRIEND.

Commissioner Wright Has a Poss and Uses it Whonever He Pleases. Curcaso, Aug. 24.-United States Labor

Commissioner Carroll D. Wright, chairman of the special labor commission appointed by President Cleveland to investigate the Pullman strike, was interviewed to-day as to a report that he was in the habit of using a Pullman pass. He scarcely gave the reporter time to dhish his question.

"Yes, I have an annual pass on all Pollman cars," he said with emphasis, "and I use it whenever I want to."

whenever I want to,"

"Did you use it in coming to Chicago?"

"I did not, and the government would have been the gainer if I had."

"Are you in the habit of traveling on it?"

"I use it whenever I please. The pass was given to me by Mr. Puliman, who is a personal friend of mise, and I have had it for several years—ever since the first Pullman investigation I made—for I suppose that's what you are driving at. I never knew Mr. Pullman until then, but met him at that time, and he has always been a warm friend of mine he has always been a warm friend of mine

me has always been a warm friend of mine since that. He gave me the pass and invited me to ride on his cars whenever I wanted to, just as a man would invite another to take a ride in his carriage."

Commissioner Wright's pass entitles him to ride free in any Pullman car at any time, or in any part of the United States.

Donble Lynching in Alabama, — Yoakum has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Third Texas district to succeed Representative Rilgore.

Ex-Congressman John D. White has boited the action of the Republican committee in the Eleventh Kentucky district in ordering a primary election and announced himself an independent Republican candidate. The district is now represented by Rilas Adams, Republican candidate for re-election,

Mischell's station a band of masked men took Riley Walker and Richard Jordan off them by hanging them to a tree, and afterward perforating their bodies with buckshot. The prisoners had been convicted of murder, and Walker was sentenced to the penitentiary for life; Jordan for twelve years.